

SINGLE-CHANNEL 6N137 HCPL-2601 HCPL-2611 DUAL-CHANNEL HCPL-2630 HCPL-2631

DESCRIPTION

The 6N137, HCPL-2601/2611 single-channel and HCPL-2630/2631 dual-channel optocouplers consist of a 850 nm AlGaAS LED, optically coupled to a very high speed integrated photodetector logic gate with a strobable output. This output features an open collector, thereby permitting wired OR outputs. The coupled parameters are guaranteed over the temperature range of -40°C to +85°C. A maximum input signal of 5 mA will provide a minimum output sink current of 13 mA (fan out of 8).

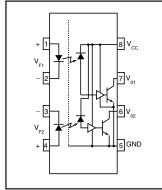
An internal noise shield provides superior common mode rejection of typically 10 kV/ μ s. The HCPL- 2601 and HCPL- 2631 has a minimum CMR of 5 kV/ μ s. The HCPL-2611 has a minimum CMR of 10 kV/ μ s.

FEATURES

- Very high speed-10 MBit/s
- Superior CMR-10 kV/µs
- Double working voltage-480V
- Fan-out of 8 over -40°C to +85°C
- · Logic gate output
- Strobable output
- Wired OR-open collector
- U.L. recognized (File # E90700)

N/C 1 88 V_{cc} + 2 7 V_E - 8 6 V_o N/C 4 5 GND

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HCPL-2630 HCPL-2631

APPLICATIONS

- Ground loop elimination
- LSTTL to TTL, LSTTL or 5-volt CMOS
- · Line receiver, data transmission
- Data multiplexing
- Switching power supplies
- Pulse transformer replacement
- Computer-peripheral interface

TRUTH TABLE (Positive Logic)

Input	Enable	Output
Н	Н	L
L	Н	Н
Н	L	Н
L	L	Н
Н	NC	L
L	NC	Н

A 0.1 μF bypass capacitor must be connected between pins 8 and 5. (See note 1)



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Parameter		Symbol	Value	Units	
Storage Temperature		T _{STG}	-55 to +125	°C	
Operating Temperature		T _{OPR}	-40 to +85	°C	
Lead Solder Temperature		T _{SOL}	260 for 10 sec	°C	
EMITTER DC/Average Forward Input Current	Single channel Dual channel (Each channel)	I _F	50 30	mA	
Enable Input Voltage Not to exceed V _{CC} by mo	Single channel re than 500 mV	V _E	5.5	V	
Reverse Input Voltage	Each channel	V _R	5.0	V	
Power Dissipation Single channel		Б	100	10/00	
	Dual channel (Each channel)	P _I	45	- mW	
DETECTOR Supply Voltage		V _{CC} (1 minute max)	7.0	V	
Output Current	Single channel		50	m A	
	Dual channel (Each channel)	lo lo	50	mA	
Output Voltage	Each channel	V _O	7.0	V	
Collector Output	Single channel	В	85	m\\\/	
Power Dissipation	Dual channel (Each channel)	P _O	60	mW	

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS					
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	
Input Current, Low Level	I _{FL}	0	250	μΑ	
Input Current, High Level	I _{FH}	*6.3	15	mA	
Supply Voltage, Output	V _{CC}	4.5	5.5	V	
Enable Voltage, Low Level	V _{EL}	0	0.8	V	
Enable Voltage, High Level	V _{EH}	2.0	V _{CC}	V	
Low Level Supply Current	T _A	-40	+85	°C	
Fan Out (TTL load)	N		8		

^{* 6.3} mA is a guard banded value which allows for at least 20 % CTR degradation. Initial input current threshold value is 5.0 mA or less



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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = -40°C to +85°C Unless otherwise specified.)

INDIVIDUAL COMPONENT CHARACTERISTICS							
Parameter		Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ**	Max	Unit
EMITTER		$(I_F = 10 \text{ mA})$.,			1.8	.,
Input Forward Voltage		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	VF		1.4	1.75	V
Input Reverse Breakdown V	oltage	$(I_R = 10 \mu A)$	B _{VR}	5.0			V
Input Capacitance		$(V_F = 0, f = 1 MHz)$	C _{IN}		60		pF
Input Diode Temperature Co	efficient	$(I_F = 10 \text{ mA})$	$\Delta V_F/\Delta T_A$		-1.4		mV/°C
DETECTOR	Oin als Observati	()/ 55)/ 1 0 ()			7	10	A
High Level Supply Current	Dual Channel	$(V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}, I_F = 0 \text{ mA})$ $(V_E = 0.5 \text{ V})$	Іссн		10	15	mA
Low Level Supply Current	Single Channel	$(V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}, I_F = 10 \text{ mA})$			9	13	
	Dual Channel	$(V_E = 0.5 V)$	ICCL		14	21	mA
Low Level Enable Current		$(V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{E} = 0.5 \text{ V})$	I _{EL}		-0.8	-1.6	mA
High Level Enable Current		$(V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{E} = 2.0 \text{ V})$	I _{EH}		-0.6	-1.6	mA
High Level Enable Voltage		$(V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}, I_F = 10 \text{ mA})$	V _{EH}	2.0			V
Low Level Enable Voltage	(V _{CC} =	5.5 V, I _F = 10 mA) (Note 3)	V _{EL}			0.8	V

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = -40$ °C to $+85$ °C, $V_{CC} = 5$ V, $I_F = 7.5$ mA Unless otherwise specified.)						
AC Characteristics	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ**	Max	Unit
Propagation Delay Time	(Note 4) (T _A =25°C)	_	20	45	75	
to Output High Level	$(R_L = 350 \Omega, C_L = 15 pF)$ (Fig. 12)	T _{PLH}			100	ns
Propagation Delay Time	(Note 5) (T _A =25°C)	-	25	45	75	
to Output Low Level	$(R_L = 350 \Omega, C_L = 15 pF)$ (Fig. 12)	T _{PHL}			100	ns
Pulse Width Distortion	$(R_L = 350 \Omega, C_L = 15 pF)$ (Fig. 12)	T _{PHL} -T _{PLH}		3	35	ns
Output Rise Time (10-90%)	$(R_L = 350 \ \Omega, \ C_L = 15 \ pF)$ (Note 6) (Fig. 12)	t _r		50		ns
Output Fall Time (90-10%)	$(R_L = 350 \ \Omega, \ C_L = 15 \ pF)$ (Note 7) (Fig. 12)	t _f		12		ns
	e $(I_F = 7.5 \text{ mA}, V_{EH} = 3.5 \text{ V})$ 350 Ω , $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}) (Note 8) (Fig. 13)$	telh		20		ns
	e $(I_F = 7.5 \text{ mA}, V_{EH} = 3.5 \text{ V})$ 350 Ω , $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}) (Note 9) (Fig. 13)$	t _{EHL}		20		ns
(at Output High Level) 6N137, H HCPL-26	nity $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C) V_{CM} = 50 \text{ V}, (Peak)$ $(I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, V_{OH} (Min.) = 2.0 \text{ V})$ $CPL-2630 (R_L = 350 \ \Omega) (Note 10)$ CPL-2631 (Fig. 14)	CM _H	5000	10,000 10,000		V/µs
	$ V_{CM} = 400 \text{ V}$		10,000	15,000		
Common Mode6N137, H	Ω) (I _F = 7.5 mA, V _{OL} (Max.) = 0.8 V) CPL-2630 V _{CM} = 50 V (Peak)	ICM.		10,000		V/uc
Transient Immunity HCPL-260 (at Output Low Level)	01, HCPL-2631 (T _A =25°C) (Note 11) (Fig. 14)	CM _L	5000	10,000		V/µs
HCPL-26	11 $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C)$ $ V_{CM} = 400 \text{ V}$		10,000	15,000		



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TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS (T _A = -40°C to +85°C Unless otherwise specified.)						
DC Characteristics	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ**	Max	Unit
High Level Output Current	$(V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{O} = 5.5 \text{ V})$	1			100	^
	$(I_F = 250 \mu A, V_E = 2.0 V)$ (Note 2)	IOH			100	μΑ
Low Level Output Current	$(V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}, I_F = 5 \text{ mA})$	V		.35	0.6	V
	$(V_E = 2.0 \text{ V}, I_{CL} = 13 \text{ mA}) \text{ (Note 2)}$	V _{OL}		.33	0.0	V
Input Threshold Current	$(V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{O} = 0.6 \text{ V},$	I		3	5	mA
Input Theshold Current	$V_E = 2.0 \text{ V}, I_{OL} = 13 \text{ mA})$	I _{FT}		3	5	IIIA

ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS (T _A = -40°C to +85°C Unless otherwise specified.)						
Characteristics	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Тур**	Max	Unit
Input-Output	(Relative humidity = 45%)					
Insulation Leakage Current	$(T_A = 25^{\circ}C, t = 5 s)$				4.0*	
	$(V_{I-O} = 3000 \text{ VDC})$	I _{I-O}		1.0*	μΑ	
	(Note 12)					
Withstand Insulation Test Voltage	(RH < 50%, T _A = 25°C)	V	0500			\/
	(Note 12) (t = 1 min.)	V _{ISO} 2500				V _{RMS}
Resistance (Input to Output)	(V _{I-O} = 500 V) (Note 12)	R _{I-O}		10 ¹²		Ω
Capacitance (Input to Output)	(f = 1 MHz) (Note 12)	C _{I-O}		0.6		pF

^{**} All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

NOTES

- The V_{CC} supply to each optoisolator must be bypassed by a 0.1μF capacitor or larger. This can be either a ceramic or solid tantalum capacitor with good high frequency characteristic and should be connected as close as possible to the package V_{CC} and GND pins of each device.
- 2. Each channel.
- 3. Enable Input No pull up resistor required as the device has an internal pull up resistor.
- t_{PLH} Propagation delay is measured from the 3.75 mA level on the HIGH to LOW transition of the input current pulse to the 1.5 V level on the LOW to HIGH transition of the output voltage pulse.
- t_{PHL} Propagation delay is measured from the 3.75 mA level on the LOW to HIGH transition of the input current pulse to the 1.5 V level on the HIGH to LOW transition of the output voltage pulse.
- 6. t_r Rise time is measured from the 90% to the 10% levels on the LOW to HIGH transition of the output pulse.
- 7. t_f Fall time is measured from the 10% to the 90% levels on the HIGH to LOW transition of the output pulse.
- 8. t_{ELH} Enable input propagation delay is measured from the 1.5 V level on the HIGH to LOW transition of the input voltage pulse to the 1.5 V level on the LOW to HIGH transition of the output voltage pulse.
- 9. t_{EHL} Enable input propagation delay is measured from the 1.5 V level on the LOW to HIGH transition of the input voltage pulse to the 1.5 V level on the HIGH to LOW transition of the output voltage pulse.
- 10. CM_H The maximum tolerable rate of rise of the common mode voltage to ensure the output will remain in the high state (i.e., $V_{OUT} > 2.0 \text{ V}$). Measured in volts per microsecond (V/ μ s).
- 11. CM_L The maximum tolerable rate of rise of the common mode voltage to ensure the output will remain in the low output state (i.e., $V_{OUT} < 0.8 \text{ V}$). Measured in volts per microsecond (V/ μ s).
- 12. Device considered a two-terminal device: Pins 1,2,3 and 4 shorted together, and Pins 5,6,7 and 8 shorted together.

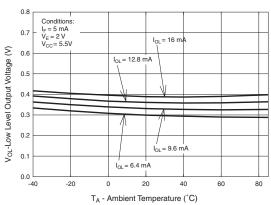


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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

Fig.1 Low Level Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



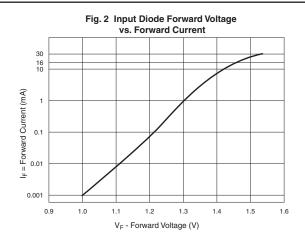
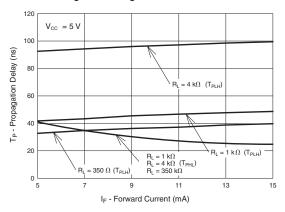


Fig.3 Switching Time vs. Forward Current



vs. Ambient Temperature 50 I_F = 15 mA IoL - Low Level Output Current (mA) 40 35 30 Conditions: V_{CC}= 5 V V_E = 2 V V_{OL} = 0.6 V 25 20 L -40

Fig. 4 Low Level Output Current

Fig. 5 Input Threshold Current vs. Ambient Temperature

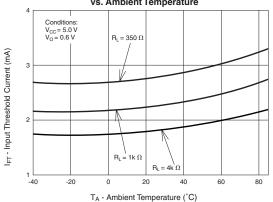
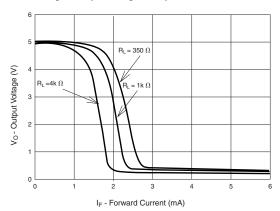


Fig. 6 Output Voltage vs. Input Forward Current

T_A - Ambient Temperature (°C)

40

80



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Fig. 7 Pulse Width Distortion vs. Temperature

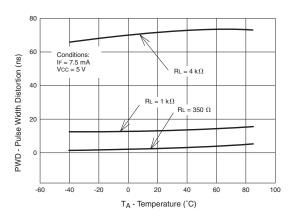


Fig. 8 Rise and Fall Time vs. Temperature

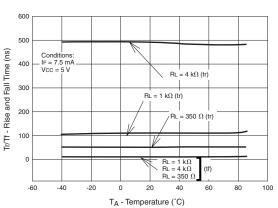


Fig. 9 Enable Propagation Delay vs. Temperature

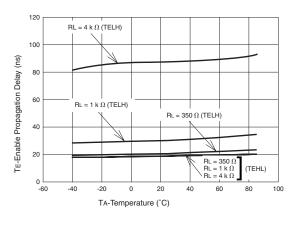


Fig. 10 Switching Time vs. Temperature

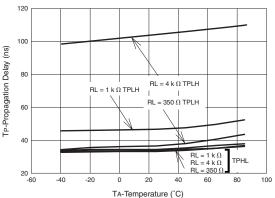
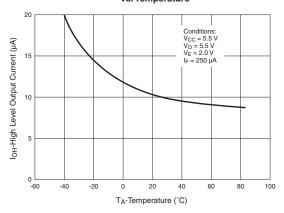


Fig. 11 High Level Output Current vs. Temperature





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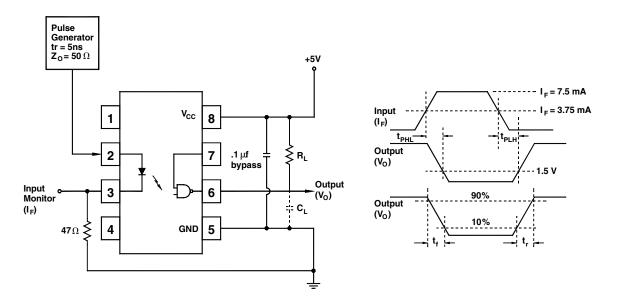


Fig. 12 Test Circuit and Waveforms for $t_{\text{PLH}},\,t_{\text{PHL}},\,t_{\text{r}}$ and $t_{\text{f}}.$

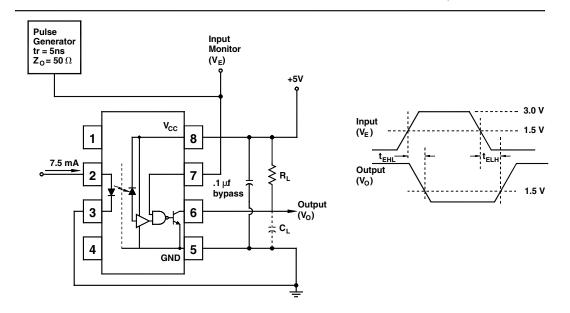


Fig. 13 Test Circuit t_{EHL} and t_{ELH} .



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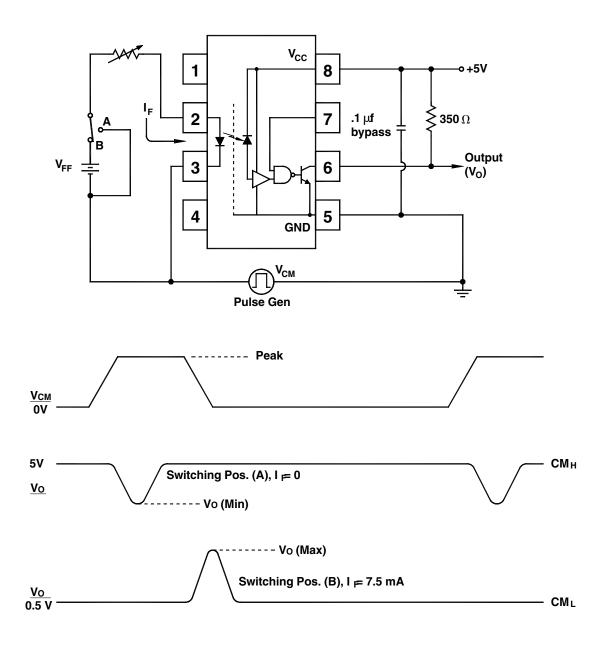
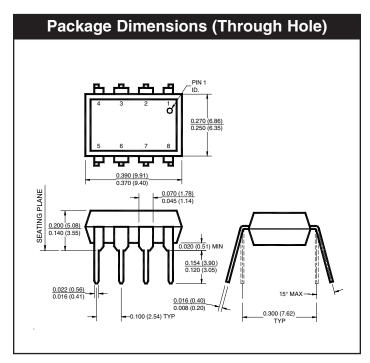
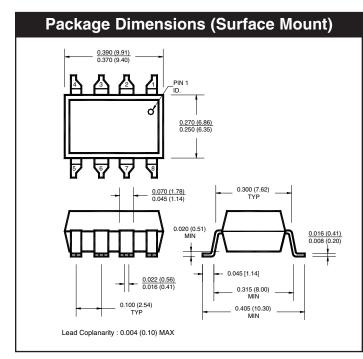


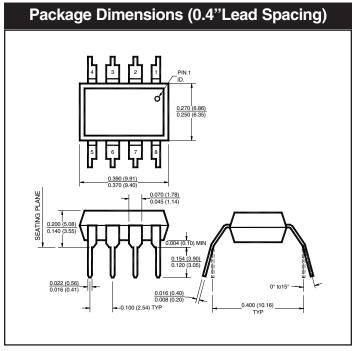
Fig. 14 Test Circuit Common Mode Transient Immunity



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NOTE

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters)



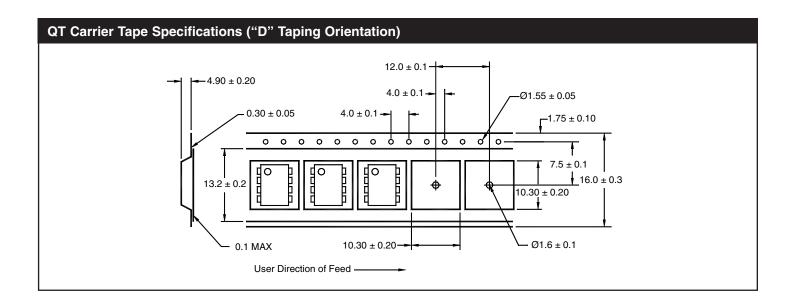
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ORDERING INFORMATION

Option	Order Entry Identifier	Description
S	.S	Surface Mount Lead Bend
SD	.SD	Surface Mount; Tape and reel
W	.W	0.4" Lead Spacing





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